

Canine Ear Canal 2009

Susceptibility profile of Canine Ear Canal pathogens received at ISU VDL 2009

	E coli	Enc	P aer	Prot	Pseu	S aur	S can	S equs	S pint	S schl
<i>Number of isolates*</i>	21	10	43	16	10	2	16	7	60	5
<i>Data reported as % susceptible</i>										
Amikacin	100%	100%	88%	100%	80%	0%	13%	0%	95%	100%
Amoxi/Clav	67%	67%	0%	94%	30%	0%	100%	100%	77%	40%
Cefpodoxime	95%	95%	0%	94%	0%	0%	100%	100%	78%	40%
Cephalothin	38%	38%	0%	94%	10%	0%	100%	100%	80%	40%
Ciprofloxacin	86%	86%	74%	88%	40%	0%	81%	57%	90%	80%
Clindamycin	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	56%	71%	85%	100%
Enrofloxacin	81%	81%	7%	81%	40%	0%	69%	43%	90%	60%
Gentamicin	95%	95%	84%	100%	90%	100%	69%	86%	95%	80%
Imipenem	76%	76%	79%	81%	70%	0%	69%	71%	60%	40%
Marbofloxacin	86%	86%	33%	88%	40%	0%	75%	86%	92%	80%
Neomycin	100%	100%	28%	100%	70%	0%	6%	0%	85%	100%
Orbifloxacin	71%	71%	7%	75%	10%	0%	31%	14%	85%	80%
Oxacillin***	ND%	ND%	ND%	ND%	ND%	ND%	ND%	ND%	80%	40%
Polymixin B	100%	100%	100%	6%	90%	0%	13%	0%	95%	100%
Tetracycline	71%	71%	0%	19%	40%	100%	19%	29%	68%	100%
Ticarcillin	86%	86%	74%	100%	90%	0%	100%	100%	78%	40%
Ticarcillin/Clav	90%	90%	72%	100%	90%	0%	100%	100%	78%	40%
Tobramycin	95%	95%	93%	94%	90%	0%	19%	0%	98%	100%
Trimeth/Sulfadia	76%	76%	0%	81%	60%	100%	94%	100%	63%	80%

***Isolates resistant to oxacillin are interpreted as methicillin resistant.

Key:

1	Data is reported as: % susceptible (# isolates tested) - not all bacteria isolated at ISU VDL have been tested for antimicrobial susceptibility	
2	See Salmonella serotype table for most common serotypes isolated within each group	
3	Isolates resistant to oxacillin are interpreted as potentially methicillin resistant.	
4	A result of ≤ 2 ug/ml for Carbadox is a conservative indicator of bacterial inhibition by this antimicrobial agent. The result shown is based on pharmacokinetic research indicating an average Carbadox level of 4.5 mcg/ml in the small intestine of pigs fed a dose rate of 50 g/ton. (De Graff 1988).	
5	Multidrug resistant isolates were found resistant to most classes of antimicrobial in the 1 st round of testing. This table represents additional Disk Diffusion testing for those isolates.	
NA	Not applicable	
ND	Not done	
NI	No interpretation	
A equ - Actinobacillus equuli	H ecol - hemolytic E. coli	S aur - Staphylococcus aureus
A suis - Actinobacillus suis	H som - Histophilus somni	S beta- Beta Streptococcus species
Abua - Acinetobacter species	HPS - Haemophilus parasuis	S can - Streptococcus canis
Amy - Actinomyces species	K pneu - Klebsiella pneumoniae	S chol - Salmonella choleraesuis
APP - Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae	M bov - Moraxella bovis	S dysg - Streptococcus dysgalactiae
B bron - Bordetella bronchiseptica	M haem - Mannheimia haemolytica	S epi- Staphylococcus epidermidis
B tre - Bibersteinia trehalosi (formerly Pasteurella trehalosi)	P aer - Pseudomonas aeruginosa	S equi - Streptococcus equi
Bact - Bacteroides group	P cab - Pasteurella caballi	S equus - Streptococcus equisimilis
C diff - Clostridium difficile	P mult - Pasteurella multocida	S pint - Staph pseudintermedius
C perf - Clostridium perfringens	Past - Pasteurella species	S suis - Streptococcus suis
Clos - Clostridium species	Pec - Peptococcus species	S ube - Streptococcus uberis
E coli - Escherichia coli	Pes - Peptostreptococcus species	S zoo - Streptococcus zooepidemicus
E fael - Enterococcus faecalis	Pmul A - Pasteurella multocida Type A	Salm sp- Salmonella species
E faem - Enterococcus faecium	Pmul D - Pasteurella multocida Type D	Salm B - Salmonella species group B
Enc - Enterococcus species	Prot - Proteus species	Salm C1 - Salmonella species group C1
Ente - Enterobacter species	Prp - Propionibacterium species	Salm C2 - Salmonella species group C2
Erys - Erysipelothrix	Pseu - Pseudomonas species	Salm D - Salmonella species group D
Fus - Fusobacterium	R equ - Rhodococcus equi	Salm E - Salmonella species group E
G ana - Gallibacterium anatis		